Form 10-300 (July 1969)

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

PH0028860

STATE.	
Connecticut	
COUNTY:	
New London	
FOR NPS USE ONLY	Υ
ENTRY NUMBER	DATE

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(Type all entries - complete applicable sections) 70.10.06,0018 10/6/70 I. NAME COMMON Fort Griswold AND/OR HISTORIC: 2. LOCATION STREET AND NUMBER: Bounded by Baker Avenue, Smith Street, Park Avenue CITY OR TOWN: Groton STATE COUNTY: CODE CODE Connecticut New London OIT 063. CLASSIFICATION CATEGORY ACCESSIBLE STATUS OWNERSHIP (Check One) TO THE PUBLIC ▼ Public Public Acquisition: Yes: District Occupied Building Restricted Private ☐ In Process Site X Unoccupied Structure ₩ Unrestricted ☐ Both ☐ Being Considered Object Preservation work □ No in progress PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate) 20 Park ☐ Agricultural Government Comments ■ Transportation Commercial Industrial Private Residence Other (Specify) Military ☐ Educational Religious Entertainment Museum Scientific OWNER OF PROPERTY 4. OWNER'S NAME Connecticut State of Connecticut __ State Park and Forest Commission STREET AND NUMBER: State Office Building STATE: CODE Hartford Connecticut 06 5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC: ew Municipal Building STREET AND NUMBER: London CITY OR TOWN: STATE CODE Groton Connecticut 06 6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS Ö TITLE OF SURVEY: 0 0 County DATE OF SURVEY: Federal ☐ Local 6 DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS: 0 Connecticut Historical Commission 0 STREET AND NUMBER: 75 Elm Street ONLY CITY OR TOWN: STATE: CODE

Connecticut

7.	DESCRIPTION										
CONDITION		(Check One)									
	CONDITION	☐ Excellent	☐ Good	Fair	🔀 Dete	eri orated	Ruins	Unexposed			
		(Check Or	1e)		(Check One)						
		∑ Alter	ed	☐ Unaltered	!		☐ Moved	Original Site			
-	DESCRIBE THE PE	ESENT AND ORI	GINAL (if kno	wn) PHYSICA	LAPPEA	RANCE					

Fort Griswold was built between 1775 and 78 for the defense of the Groton and New London shore. At present it appears to be a grassy and overgrown earthworks with an assymetrical star-like shape and a detached V shaped ravelin, also overgrown, which covered the gateway.

However, in 1781 at the time of the British massacre for which 13/the fort is famous the fort is described in the diary of Stephen Hempstead as

> wall of stones 10 or 12 feet high on the lower side and surrounded by a ditch. On the wall were pickets projecting J/2 feet, and above this a parapet with embrasures and within A platform for cannon and a step to mount on to shoot over the parapet with small arms. In the southwest bastion was a flagstaff and in the side was a gate with a triangular breastworks to protect it and a redoubt with a three pounder in it.

Using this description the daughters of the American Revolution have constructed a diagram of the original fort and with the use of Hempstead's account and that of Rufus Avery have concluded where decisive events have taken place (see enclosed sheet).

Adjacent to the fort and northeast of it is the Groton Monument. The monument is an obelisk 135 feet high, 22 feet square at the base sloping to 8 feet at the base of the pyramid. The granite of which it was built was quarried near by. The summit is reached by a spiral stairway within of one hundred sixty-six steps, and the top gallery affords a magnificent view of the harbor and the whole surrounding country. On a marble slab near the entrance inside the monument is the inscription

This monument

Was erected under the patronage of the State of Connecticut A D 1830, and in the 55th year of the independence of the U.S.A. In the memory of the Brave Patriots who fell in the Battle of Fort Griswold near this spot on the 6th of September A D 1781 when the British under the command of the traitor Benedict Arnold burned the towns of New London and Groton and spread desolation and woe throughout this region.

Near the monument and also northeast of the fort is a stonehouse with an annex which is a memorial to the men who lost their lives in the Spanish American War. It houses relics of the town's history and has displays which relate to the history of the fort

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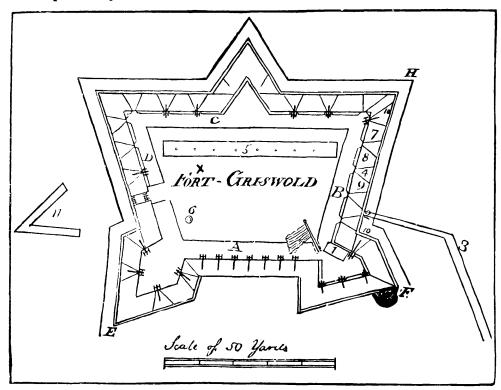
(Continuation Sheet)

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Description of Fort Griswold

and especially to the Battle of Fort Griswold.



REFERENCES TO FORT GRISWOLD

- 1. Magazine
- 2. Sallee-Port
- 3. A ditch leading to battery below
- 4. Embrazine where Major Montgomery fell
- 5. Barracks
- 6. Well
- 7, 8, 9. Points where the light companies of the 40th entered
- 10. Guns that harrassed the enemy
- 11. Ravelin that covered the gateway
- F A rock not cut away, which gives an entrance into the work. From E to F round the sides D, C and B the work is fraised.

On the curtain A to the angle F was a barbette battery.

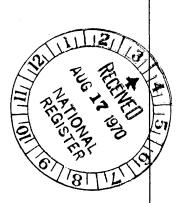
H is at the southeast corner.

F is at the southwest corner.

x Spot where Col. Ledyard was killed.

Note: This map shows the fort as it would be approached from the river. The monument is located off the upper left hand corner.

The Story of the Battle of Fort Griswold and the Groton Heights Monument, pub. by the Anna Warner Bailey Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, p.2. 2<u>lbid</u>.p. 8.



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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

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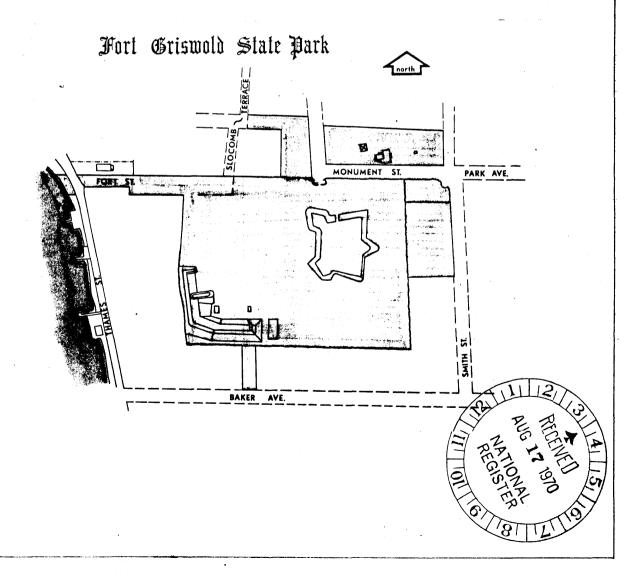
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Description of Fort Griswold

Southwest of the fort is another wall which curves around the southwest corner of the state property. It was built in 1812 as an extension of a natural stone ledge. Within this is a stone house built in 1840 for the storage of powder, fifles, and ammunition. North of this stone building is a brick hot shot house built in 1812. In this building cannon balls were heated before they were shot from the cannon in the wall at wooden ships in the river. The twenty canon used in the war of 1812 were removed in 1814. The fort was a military site on three occasions after the close of the Revolutionary War—in 1812, 1898, and World War II.



PERIOD (Check One or More as	Appropriate)		
Pre-Columbian	16th Century	🔀 18th Century	20th Century
15th Century	17th Century	19th Century	
SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicat	le and Known)		
AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Ch.	eck One or More as Appropri	ate)	
Abor iginal	☐ Education	□ Political	Urban Planning
☐ Prehistoric	Engineering	Religion/Phi-	Other (Specify)
☐ Historic	Industry	losophy	2111
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TATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	REGISTER 3

The significance of the fort is its association with a fight cent historical event, the Battle of Fort Griswold. In 1781 in an effort to divert Washington's forces from New York the British laid seige to New London in an attack led by the traitor Benedict Arnold with a force of 35 ships and 1700 men. In the attack which occured on September 6, 1781 Arnold used half his forces to burn New London and half to attack Fort Griswold.

When Ledyard rejected a surrender demand, the British began a fierce assault from three sides. The Americans replied with enfilading canon fire and caused heavy casualties. Finally the enemy, with a slashing bayonet attack, broke through the embrasures on one side. Both Eyre and Major William Montgomery, leader of the successful assault column, received fatal wounds.

The British losses numbered approximately 40 killed and 100 wounded; the American, 6 killed and perhaps 20 wounded. Ledyard, realizing that his position was hopeless, ordered his men to ground their arms. A British officer shouted. "Who commands this garrison?" Ledyard promptly handed his sword to the speaker, replying, "I did, sir, but you do now." Instantly the sword was taken and ...rammed through Ledyard's body. The wrought-up British soldiers butchered fourscore of the garrison before their officers finally halted the carnage. Major Stephen Bromfield, now in command, decided to blow up the powder magazine, so the American wounded were placed in an ammunition wagon. As the final act in this stark tragedy, the wagon got out of control on a hill, plunged wildly down the declivity, and finally crashed into a tree, tossing the maimed about and killing several.

The Battle of Fort Griswold was significant as the <u>last</u>
British assault upon Connecticut soil: for the British
it was a victory tarnished by dishonor in one of the closing battles of the Revolutionary War.

Albert E. Van Dusen, Connecticut. Random House, New York (1961), p.169.

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9.	MAJOR	BIBLIO	GRAPH	ICAL RE	FERE	ENCES									
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	As the designated State Liaison Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. The recommended level of significance of this nomination is:									I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register. Chief, Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation					
			7 /2	ble	F		-	-		Date			*		

Chairman, Connecticut Historical
Title Commission and State Liaison
Officer

Date June 31, 1970

Date _____

Weeper of The National Register

AUG 8 6 1970

Date

